

Shock & Detonation Toolbox Installation Instructions

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February 16, 2020

These instructions are for installing the 2018 version of the Shock and Detonation Toolbox. The toolbox documentation and download files are available on the SDToolbox [website](#). In order to use these scripts, the reader must install the Cantera software and Python or MATLAB. The documentation and software for Cantera is open source and available at www.cantera.org.

1 MATLAB

1.1 Prerequisites

- MATLAB R2015 or later
- Cantera 2.3 or 2.4

1.2 Toolbox Installation

Download the zip file from the SDToolbox [website](#) and unpack this into a temporary directory. Copy the entire SDToolbox/MATLAB/SDToolbox directory to a desired location. This could be MATLAB's Toolbox directory (e.g. C:/Program Files/MATLAB/toolbox/ on Windows) but need not be. Open MATLAB and use "Set Path" to add the SDToolbox directory and subdirectories to the MATLAB path. All the SDToolbox functions should now be available from the command line in MATLAB. You may need to execute the rehash and rehash toolbox commands to get the new functions to be loaded correctly.

1.3 Demo Scripts & Custom Thermodynamic Data Files

The MATLAB versions of the demo scripts are all found in SDToolbox/MATLAB/Demo. They can be left here when the toolbox is moved to its desired location, or can be separately moved to another location. Several of the scripts create output files, so be sure to run them in a location where you have write permissions.

The toolbox also comes with a large number of cti reaction mechanism, transport and thermodynamic data files in Cantera cti format, located in SDToolbox/cti. Several of these files are needed for the mechanisms in the demo scripts. In order to run the demo scripts, these custom cti files need to be in Cantera's search path. The descriptions of these data files and references to the sources can be found on the SDToolbox [cti webpage](#). Information about thermodynamic data sources, formats and some utility programs are on the [thermo webpage](#).

There are several options here, depending on user preference. The files can be put in the same directory as Cantera's default data files (e.g. C:/Program Files/Cantera/data/ on Windows), but one may prefer to keep the new files separate. Cantera also checks the current working directory, so they can also be placed in the same directory as the demo scripts themselves.

Alternatively, the CANTERA_DATA environmental variable can be set to the path where the files are located. In Windows, this is done via the Environmental Variables dialog via the Control Panel. In Unix-like systems, there are multiple sets of environmental variables (e.g. if using Bash for an interactive shell, environmental variables are defined in .bashrc)—so in this case, you would need to determine which shell MATLAB is being run from, and define CANTERA_DATA in the corresponding configuration file.

Finally, if you only want to temporarily add these files to Cantera's search path, you can use the Cantera function adddir() during a MATLAB session.

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1.4 Toolbox manifest

- SDToolbox
 - SDTconfig.m
- CV
 - CV.txt
 - cvsolve.m
 - cvsys.m
- PostShock
 - CJspeed.m
 - CJ_calc.m
 - FHFP.m
 - hug_eq.m
 - hug_fr.m
 - PostShock.txt
 - PostShock_eq.m
 - PostShock_fr.m
 - shk_calc.m
 - shk_eq_calc.m
- Reflections
 - FHFP_reflected_fr.m
 - PostReflectedShock_eq.m
 - PostReflectedShock_fr.m
 - reflected_eq.m
 - reflected_fr.m
 - Reflections.txt
- Stagnation
 - Stagnation.txt
 - stgsolve.m
 - stgsys.m
- Thermo
 - eq_state.m
 - gruneisen_eq.m
 - gruneisen_fr.m
 - soundspeed_eq.m
 - soundspeed_fr.m
 - state.m
 - Thermo.txt
- Utilities
 - CJspeed_plot.m
 - cv_plot.m
 - Utilities.txt
 - znd_fileout.m
 - znd_plot.m
- ZND
 - ZND.txt
 - zndsolve.m
 - zndsys.m

2 Python

2.1 Prerequisites

- Python 3
- Cantera 2.3 or 2.4
- The most recent versions of the following Python packages:
 - NumPy
 - SciPy
 - matplotlib
- In addition to the above, the following packages are used by some demo scripts (only `cycler` is not part of the Python Standard Library, being a package from the wider `matplotlib` project):
 - `datetime`
 - `sys`
 - `pickle`
 - `cycler`

2.2 Toolbox Installation

Copy the entire `SDToolbox/Python3/sdtoolbox` directory to a location on your Python's path. Typically, this would be the `site-packages` directory (or `dist-packages` under Debian Linux). For example, under a default Anaconda installation on Windows, this might be found at `C:/Users/<user>/Anaconda3/Lib/site-packages`, under Debian's native Python 3 environment, at `/usr/local/lib/python3.x/dist-packages`.

For Windows with a plain Python installation and `PYTHONPATH = c:/users/<user>/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python35/`, the toolbox should be located in `PYTHONPATH/Lib/site-packages`. After installation, go up one directory to `PYTHONPATH/Lib/site-packages` and create a text file named `sdtoolbox.pth` containing the single line `sdtoolbox`; then go up one more directory to `PYTHONPATH/Lib` and run the python script `site.py`.

Once the package is placed in the proper location, it should be available via `import sdtoolbox` in an interactive Python session.

2.3 Demo Scripts & Custom Thermodynamic Data Files

The Python versions of the demo scripts are found in the directory `SDToolbox/Python3/demo`. These can be left in place, or moved to another location as desired. Again, some demos require write permissions, which may not be available without `sudo` in the default Python package directories.

Once the toolbox itself is functional as described above, you should be able to run demo scripts from the terminal (e.g. `python demo_CJstate.py`) or in an IDE like Spyder or the idle application on Windows. Remember to call `python3` rather than `python` if your system has both Python 2 and 3 installed.

As with MATLAB, the demo scripts require some of the custom `cti` files found in the downloaded archive, and these also need to be placed in a location visible to Cantera. Analogously to MATLAB, if you do not wish to mix these files in with the default Cantera data files, you can either set the `CANTERA_DATA` environmental variable to permanently add a new path, or use the `cantera.add_directory()` function to temporarily add a path during an interactive Python session.

2.4 Toolbox manifest

```
└──sdtoolbox
    ├──config.py
    ├──cv.py
    ├──postshock.py
    ├──reflections.py
    ├──stagnation.py
    └──thermo.py
```

utilities.py
znd.py
__init__.py

3 Demo Manifest

The manifest is given for the MATLAB directory, the Python directory file naming convention is identical except for the file name extensions and some functions that are included within the demo scripts rather than as separate files.

Demo

adiasys.m
demo_CJ.m
demo_CJstate.m
demo_CJstate_isentrope.m
demo_CJ_and_shock_state.m
demo_cvCJ.m
demo_cvshk.m
demo_cv_comp.m
demo_detonation_pu.m
demo_equil.m
demo_EquivalenceRatioSeries.m
demo_ExplosionSeries.m
demo_exp_state.m
demo_g.m
demo_GasPropAll.m
demo_oblique.m
demo_overdriven.m
demo_OverdriveSeries.m
demo_PrandtlMeyer.m
demo_PrandtlMeyerDetn.m
demo_PrandtlMeyerLayer.m
demo_PrandtlMeyer_CJ.m
demo_precompression_detonation.m
demo_PressureSeries.m
demo_PSeq.m
demo_PSfr.m
demo_quasi1d_eq.m
demo_reflected_eq.m
demo_reflected_fr.m
demo_RH.m
demo_RH_air.m
demo_RH_air_eq.m
demo_RH_air_isentropes.m
demo_RH_CJ_isentropes.m
demo_rocket_impulse.m
demo_RZshk.m
demo_ShockTube.m
demo_shock_adiabat.m
demo_shock_point.m
demo_shock_state_isentrope.m
demo_STGshk.m
demo_STG_RZ.m
demo_TP.m
demo_TransientCompression.m
demo_vN_state.m
demo_ZNDCJ.m
demo_ZNDshk.m

```
demo_ZND_CJ_cell.m
README.txt
tpsys.m
```

4 CTI Manifest

cti

```
airNASA9ions.cti
airNASA9noions.cti
aramco2.cti
Blanquart2018.cti
Burke2012.cti
ck2cti.txt
Davis2005.cti
ffcm1.cti
gri30_highT.cti
h2br2.cti
hexaneFull.cti
hexanePartial.cti
hexaneReduced.cti
Hong2011.cti
JetSurf2.cti
Keromnes2013.cti
Li2015.cti
Mevl2015.cti
Mevl2017.cti
Mevl2018.cti
OH-IUPAC-NASA9.cti
OH-Ruscic-Burcat.cti
PG14.cti
README.txt
sandiego20161214.cti
sandiego20161214_H2only.cti
tree

—2-Butenal
  CH3CHCHCHO.cti
  CH3CHCHCHO_NASA7.dat
  CH3CHCHCHO_NASA9.dat

—Blanquart
  BadSpecies-orig.txt
  chem.inp
  therm.dat
  tran.dat

—chem
  C10H20.dat
  C12H23.dat
  C12H24.dat
  C12H24O.dat
  C12H24O3.dat
  C12H24OOH.dat
  C12H25.dat
  C12H25O.dat
  C12H25O2.dat
  C6H11.dat
```

C6H12.dat
C6H12O.dat
C6H12OOH.dat
C6H13O.dat
C6H13O2.dat
C6H13O4.dat
C8H15.dat
C8H16O3.dat
C8H16OOH.dat
C8H17O2.dat
C8H17O4.dat
C9H17.dat
C9H18.dat
N-C10H21.dat
N-C12H26.dat
N-C6H14.dat
N-C8H17.dat
N-C9H19.dat
refit_log.txt

—hexaneFull

chem.inp
therm.dat
tran.dat

—hydroxyl

OH(A)-partition.csv
OH(A)-partition.cti
OH(X)-partition.csv
OH(X)-partition.cti
OH-cantera.csv
OH-comparison.pdf
OH-partition.csv
OH-partition.cti
plotter.m

—JetSurf

therm.dat

—methyldiyne

CH(A)-cantera.csv
CH(A)-partition.csv
CH(A)-partition.cti
CH(X)-cantera.csv
CH(X)-partition.csv
CH(X)-partition.cti
CH-cantera.csv
CH-comparison.pdf
CH-partition.csv
CH-partition.cti
plotter.m

—Mevel2015

chem.inp
OH-refit.cti
therm.dat
tran.dat

—Mevel2017

chem.cti
chem.inp
chem7.cti
chem9.cti
therm7.dat
therm9.dat
tran.dat

—Mevel2018

chem.inp
therm.dat
tran.dat

—NASA7

GOOS_BURCAT_RUSCIC_THERM.DAT
nasa7.dat
nasa7mod.dat

—NASA9

nasa9.dat
therm-ions.dat
therm-noions.dat
therm.dat
tran.dat

—nitric_oxide

NO(A)-partition.csv
NO(A)-partition.cti
NO(X)-partition.csv
NO(X)-partition.cti
NO-cantera.csv
NO-partition.csv
NO-partition.cti
plotter.m

—SanDiego

therm.dat

—utilities

CH_rotvib.m
diatomic.cti
NO_rotvib.m
OH_rotvib.m
partition_rotvib.m
poly_cp.m
thermo_check.py
thermo_fit.m
thermo_refit.m
thermo_replace.m
twobutenal.m

5 Testing

5.1 MATLAB

Load and run the script `demo_CJState` in MATLAB. The output in the Command Window should be:

```
demo_CJstate
CJ computation for Mevel2017.cti with composition H2:2 O2:1 N2:3.76
Initial state P1 = 100000 Pa & T1 = 295 K
CJ speed 1968.4786 (m/s)
CJ State
  Pressure 1570490.3075 (Pa)
  Temperature 2939.2441 (K)
  Density 1.5365 (kg/m3)
  Entropy 10641.4045 (J/kg-K)
  w2 (wave frame) 1092.2785 (m/s)
  u2 (lab frame) 876.2 (m/s)
  c2 (frozen) 1126.6344 (m/s)
  c2 (equilibrium) 1090.4271 (m/s)
  gamma2 (frozen) 1.2418
  gamma2 (equilibrium) 1.1633
```

5.2 Python

Load the script `demo_CJstate.py` in IDLE and run it. The output should be:

```
===== RESTART: C:\JES\18\cantera\test\Python\demo_CJstate.py =====
CJ computation for Mevel2017.cti with composition H2:2 O2:1 N2:3.76
Initial conditions: P1 = 1.000e+05 Pa & T1 = 295.00 K
CJ Speed 1968.5 m/s
CJ State
  Pressure 1.573e+06 Pa
  Temperature 2940.0 K
  Density 1.538 kg/m3
  Entropy 1.064e+04 J/K
  w2 (wave frame) 1091.0 m/s
  u2 (lab frame) 877.5 m/s
  c2 frozen 1126.7 m/s
  c2 equilibrium 1090.4 m/s
  gamma2 frozen 1.242
  gamma2 equilibrium 1.163
```